Comer Bien: The Challenges of Nourishing Latino Children and Families



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Overview



Snapshot: Food Insecurity Among Latinos



Discussion: What Are Factors Driving Food Insecurity?



Advocacy: How Can We Improve Healthy Food Access for Latinos?



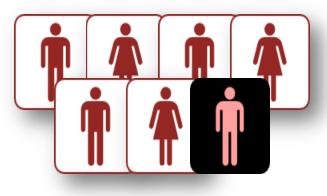
- Latinos are more than two times as likely (28%) as non-Hispanic Whites (11%) to be food insecure.
- In 2010, more than 13 million Latinos lived in food-insecure households.
- Of those, **nearly 40%** (5.1 million) were children under age 18.
- Latino children make up the largest share (40%) of the one million American kids living with hunger.

Food Insecurity Rates in Households with Children by Race/Ethnicity, 2010



One in three Hispanics (30.6%)

One in three Non-Hispanic Blacks (32.6%)



One in seven Non-Hispanic Whites (12%)

Source: Alisha Coleman-Jensen et al., *Household Food Security in the United States, 2010.* Economic Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture. Washington, DC, 2011.

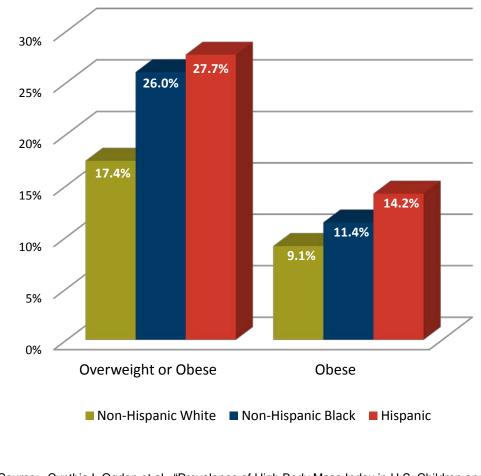




- At the same time, Latino children are facing some of the record rates of obesity.
- Nearly two in five (38%)

 Latino children are
 overweight or obese
 (BMI > 85th percentile for
 age), along with 36% of
 Black children and 29% of
 White children.
- One in five (20%) Latino children is obese (BMI > 95th percentile for age).

Children Ages Two–Five Who Are Overweight or Obese by Race/Ethnicity, 2007–2008

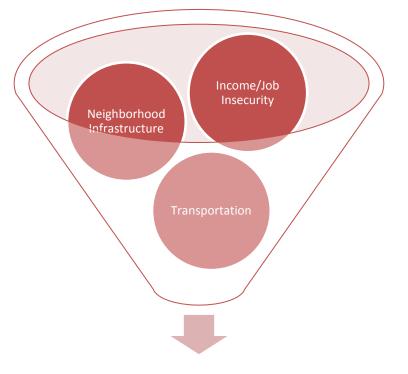


Source: Cynthia L Ogden et al., "Prevalence of High Body Mass Index in U.S. Children and Adolescents, 2007–2008," *JAMA* 303, no. 3 (January 2010): 242–249.

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SNAPSHOT

Root Causes of Food Insecurity



Access to Healthy Foods



FACTORS

Comer Bien: Video and storybanking project in four communities.







Snapshot: Caldwell, Idaho

- Farmworker community with cyclical food insecurity thanks to labor demands.
- Food desert, where retail supermarkets are located in town; most families live in farmworker communities or in fields.
- **Transportation** is a barrier, even when vehicles are available (especially when gas prices are high).

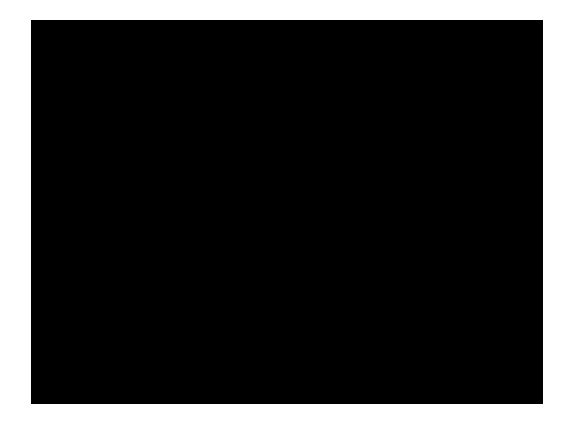


Calorie-dense foods are
 cheaper than healthy, fresh foods.

NCLR NATIONAL COUNCIL OF LA RAZA Community has poor access to affordable, fresh foods; struggle with hunger and obesity.

FACTORS

One mother explains what makes healthy meals hard to prepare for her family.







Improving Hunger and Nutrition Outreach to Latino Families

- Build in needs from beginning: Identify barriers and bring in community input from the start in order to design effective outreach. Build relationships with trusted Latino-serving organizations but do not ask them to carry all the water for outreach.
- Translation and interpretation: Families may have limited English proficiency or limited literacy in general. USDA has a number of outreach materials, particularly for SNAP. Recruit bilingual/bicultural staff.
- Actively seek to dispel fear and confusion: Many immigrant or mixed-status families may be wary of enrolling in programs. Meet eligibility concerns head-on.
- Advocate, advocate, advocate.



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Advocating for Families: Importance of Storytelling







Geanette's Story

Geanette and daughter Annette, El Paso, TX

- U.S. citizen family, mother and two daughters
- Low-income household living with another family to share expenses
- Annette receives bilingual education at La Fe Preparatory School
- Transportation challenges, must bus or walk
- "Time poverty;" little time to prepare healthy food
- Credits school meals and SNAP for her ability to afford sufficient, healthy foods for her kids
- Bilingual resources and phone interviews were critical to her access to programs
- <u>Read more about what Geanette's story means</u> to policymakers in a blog post by FRAC's Jim Weill.



For more stories & videos, visit



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Advocacy Steps

- **Document stories.** Do you know families who have had difficulty accessing healthy foods? Find out what helps and what hurts, and share these stories with policymakers.
- Contact your Members of Congress and the White House. Advocate not only for strong nutrition programs but also for comprehensive solutions that improve food security and nutrition.
- Thank you for your hard work on behalf of Latino and other underserved Maryland residents!



ADVOCACY

